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The Evening Times

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WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 10, 1896.

ONE CENT.

LEADERS ARE CONFIDENT

Candidates and Their Friends Ready for Tonight's Fray.

WORKING FOR THE COMBINE

The Supporters of the Ticket Headed by Boyle Certain of Victory—Money Question in the Campaign—Sporting Men Laying Large Odds That the "Combine" Candidates Will Win.

Not since the days when the ten-mile square of Washington was divided into a municipality consisting of seven wards has there been so much excitement in political circles as was witnessed today.

In every section of the city candidates and their friends were out distributing ballots and boosting up the candidacy of this man or that man who is on the combine ticket for Chicago.

While there are deals in some of the legislative districts in opposition to the candidacy of Boyle, Kattugny, Holmead, Forrest, Morgan, and Jordan, nevertheless the friends of these gentlemen are asserting with the greatest confidence and are willing to back up their assertions with money that every one of the six gentlemen named will be elected a delegate to the Chicago convention.

There are split tickets in at least ten districts out of the twenty-two, but as a rule the gentlemen running on the tickets opposing the regular candidates are all for the so-called "combine."

THE MONEY QUESTION.

The attempt to intercept the money question into the combine hands has met with very little encouragement. The fact that the central committee at its meeting last night repudiated, by an almost unanimous vote, the resolution offered by Mr. Manogue committing the committee to sound money is evidence that the District Democrats do not wish to be placed in the position of approving or disapproving any scheme looking to the settlement of any economic question.

It has been the policy of most of the leaders in active Democratic politics in the District to do nothing but to keep looking to the settlement of a question that the delegates to Chicago will probably not even have a chance to vote on. Speeches were made by Messrs. Bernard, McDonnell, Boyle, Donovan and Turner in opposition to any resolution which carried with it a recommendation from the central committee to the delegates who are to be elected tonight.

COMMITTEE LACKED POWER.

The point made by these gentlemen was that the central committee has no more power to dictate to the convention which is to assemble at the Academy of Music on Thursday next than has the Queen of England. It is very natural, therefore, that Mr. Manogue's resolution was tabled.

The betting men about town are offering odds 5 to 1, that every one of the six men on the "combine" ticket would be elected. One gentleman offered \$1,000 to \$250 that he could name five of six men who would be elected to the convention. He declined to name the one whom he thought would not be elected. However, he said that he would bet even money, from \$50 up to \$1,000, that the six men named on the "combine" ticket would be elected.

NEW SALVATION ARMY.

Baltimore Booth Opens Headquarters at the New York Bible House.

New York, March 10.—The new religious movement on similar lines to the Salvation Army, to be led by Henry Irving Booth and his wife, may now be said to be fairly started. Baltimore Booth appeared at his new headquarters in the Bible House yesterday, and at once began to act the work of organization under way.

Upon his arrival he at once retired to his private office and denied himself to a number of persons who called to pay their respects and wish him success in his new work. Mr. Booth expressed himself as being greatly pleased with the enthusiasm and large attendance at the meeting in Cooper Union last night—the first one of the new movement. A name for the new movement has not yet been decided upon, and it may be several days before that is settled. There is also doubt as to just what uniform will be adopted. The indications are, however, that a dark blue costume with black slouch hats for the men will be chosen.

WORLD'S OLDEST ACTOR.

Henry H. Howe of Irving's Company Dead at Eighty-Four.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 10.—Henry H. Howe, the aged actor, who came to this country with Henry Irving, was found dead in his apartment at the Burnett House last evening.

During Irving's engagement here Mr. Howe, who was eighty-four years old, was taken with a cold and at first was threatened with pneumonia. He partially recovered, but was obliged to remain behind when the company went to Chicago. He was thought to be doing well, and his death was a surprise.

Henry Howe was the oldest actor in active service in the world. His family name was Henry Howe Hutchinson, and he was born of Quaker parents in Norwich, England, in 1812. He was a schoolmate of John Bright. When he decided to go on the stage he first applied to Edmund Keas.

CUR COLLISION VICTIM DEAD.

St. Louis, Mo., March 10.—Richard Lannigan, an insurance agent, aged thirty-two, one of the injured in Sunday night's street car collision, died last evening. This is the third fatality. The coroner's jury has begun an inquest on Motorman Allen's corpse yesterday. The evidence so far taken points to culpable negligence by the managers of the road.

CONVENTION OF POPULISTS.

Kansas Third Parties May Fuse With Republicans on State Offices.

Little Rock, Ark., March 10.—The Populists of this state held a convention at Eureka Springs on Wednesday next.

The meeting is to outline a plan for the state and in national campaign and to decide whether or not to fuse with the Republicans on state offices. The leaders say they will nominate candidates in the six congressional districts, and expect to carry the fifth.

If fusion is effected, they hope to elect a large number of legislators and control the election of United States Senator H. E. Taft. Taft will be present. Jerry Simpson is expected to be present, also Senator Allen, of Nebraska.

DR. JAMESON PUT ON TRIAL

Courtroom Crowded With Members of the Aristocracy.

Sir Richard Webster Opened the Case for the Prosecution and Witnesses Were Then Called.

London, March 10.—Dr. Jameson and the officers who accompanied him in the Transvaal raid were again arraigned in the Bow street police court this morning, and the charges against them were renewed. Major Coventry and Capt. Gosling were added to the list of accused.

The courtroom was crowded with members of the aristocracy, among whom were the Duke of Abercorn, the Earl of Camperdown and Lady Annet. A large number of members of the House of Commons were also present. Sir Richard Webster, attorney general, and Mr. R. B. Finlay, solicitor general, conducted the prosecution, and Sir Edward Clarke, E. H. Carson, M. P., and Sir Frank Lockwood appeared for the defense. Magistrate Sir John Bridge presided.

Sir Richard Webster, opening the case for the prosecution, said that Jameson's expedition into the Transvaal had long been planned, but the rank and file of his party were led to believe that they were to proceed against a native chief. On December 29, however, Major Coventry informed the men that they were not going to fight the chief, but were going straight to Johannesburg.

Dr. Jameson, at Mafeking, on December 20, said to his followers that they were going to the assistance of the English women and children in Johannesburg, whose lives and property were in danger. Sir Richard then described Jameson's cutting of the telegraph wires behind his expedition, and also described the telegrams, recalling Jameson and warning him of the penalties of his acts.

Sergeant Hay, one of Jameson's troopers, was then called to the witness box and gave detailed testimony confirming the attorney general's allegations.

HOT AGAINST BRICE.

New Mexicans Say He and Delegate Catron Have Betrayed Them.

New York, March 10.—A Santa Fe, N. M., special says that Senator Brice and his firm of brokers, Moore & Schley, of New York are large holders of a class of county railroad bonds, which have been declared fraudulent by the United States Supreme Court.

When the citizens here learned yesterday that the Senate had passed an amendment offered by Brice and sanctioned by Delegate Catron to revalidate this debt, amounting to \$500,000 Santa Fe and Grant counties were in great excitement. Yesterday afternoon an indignation meeting of taxpayers was held at the court-house, at which it was charged that Brice had grossly misrepresented the facts. Governor Taft at the public declaration that Delegate Catron is the attorney for Brice to the bondholders, and in collusion with Brice to have Congress overturn a Supreme Court decision which had awarded justice to territorial residents.

JAPANESE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

It Will Operate a Line to London for the Government.

Tokyo, March 10.—Miki Sato, Japanese consul here, reported, received information by the steamship Victoria, from Yokohama, that a new Japanese steamship company, fostered by the Imperial government, will have a Japan-Great Britain line in operation before the end of the present month.

The first steamer will leave Yokohama about the 15th, calling at Hong Kong, Bombay, Singapore, Port Said and Mediterranean ports en route to London. The government will have complete control of the line. The vessel will be a new construction of several new steamships.

As soon as completed, they will go to the Great Britain line, and the ships at present selected for that line will be put in the Japanese-American line, which has been so long not in operation.

THIRD CRIME OF THE KIND.

Notorious Woman Murdered in Bed in San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 10.—Another woman of the town, the third within a month, was strangled to death early this morning under circumstances almost identical with the atrocious murder of her companion on Morton street.

At 2:30 o'clock this morning a woman named Bertha Paradis of 27 St. Mary's street was found dead in her bed by Caesar Chabert, her lover. She had been strangled, a handkerchief having been thrust down her throat.

Nothing in the room had been disturbed, and the woman's purse was not molested. There were no marks of violence on her neck. She was last seen alive about 1:30 o'clock. A search of the premises revealed no evidence of a struggle, and, as in the previous cases, the police are completely at sea for a motive or a clue to the mysterious stranger.

KANSAS BANK CLOSED ITS DOORS.

Goodland, Kan., March 10.—The Sherman County Bank closed its doors yesterday, Bank Commissioner Breckinridge having taken charge. The assets are placed at \$60,000 and liabilities at \$35,000. The bank officials claim that they will be able to pay dollar for dollar. The county has a deposit of \$23,000 in the bank.

HE KILLED WIFE AND SELF.

Albion, Pa., March 10.—Select Councilman Fiedel Treibschler shot and instantly killed his wife in the morning at 5 o'clock and fired two bullets into his own brain. He is dying. No cause is known, except that he was suffering with insomnia the past week.

MORE TAIL TWISTING.



A senator has discovered another animal with which statesmen may take liberties.

—Chicago Record

REPLY OF MR. GRISWOLD

His Reasons for Running One-horse Cars to Anacostia.

BETTER SERVICE IMPOSSIBLE

He Suggests That the Commissioners Purchase and Operate Certain Lines—Police Watching Electric Light Conducts to Prevent Illegal Wire Laying—Minor Matters.

President Griswold, of the Anacostia and Potomac River Railroad Company, had a hearing before the Commissioners today, from which the newspaper reporters only were excluded.

The matter upon which Mr. Griswold was given his private audience was involved in the order publicly issued, under which he was directed to show cause why he should not abandon the one-horse cars on his line and substitute therefor two-horse cars, each in charge of a conductor.

Mr. Griswold read a lengthy argument before the board, a copy of which was passed to The Times at the close of the conference.

MR. GRISWOLD'S ARGUMENT.

The substance of President Griswold's statement was: First, that the term "public use" as used in the act incorporating the company, meant only "that a sufficient number of cars, of sufficient size, shall be run with sufficient frequency to accommodate, without crowding, such passengers as use the line."

"It has demonstrated," he said, "by accurate figures that to continue to maintain a two-horse car service with conductors and drivers is an unnecessary expense, and would result in the destruction of the property."

He added that he favors that the service might be reduced one-half, taking off one-half the cars and putting two horses to each, with a conductor added, but this would reduce the service to one car in twelve minutes, and would result in one-half the patronage walking, and at the same time violate a clause in the company's charter."

DEVELOPMENT OF TRAFFIC.

The history of the Anacostia Company, Mr. Griswold says, is not unlike that of all the other roads in Washington. All had small accommodations at first and all awaited development of traffic for the increase of facilities.

Speaking in regard to the act of incorporation, Mr. Griswold asked that the Commissioners should give careful consideration to its true meaning and intent.

Mr. Griswold makes a suggestion, as a solution of the problems that surround all but two of Washington's transit lines, which is that the Commissioners prepare a bill looking to the purchase by the general government of such lines as are willing to sell, and to be operated by the executive authority of the District.

He adds that he favors that for the line he represents, but his personal convictions are that municipal control destroys the incentive to individual effort.

WATCHING THE CONDUITS.

The police authorities are understood to be keeping close watch upon the conduits on Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets, under the order issued yesterday by the Commissioners forbidding the laying of any wires therein except those now overhead.

One lieutenant called upon the Commissioners this morning for an interpretation of the full meaning of the order, and was informed that no wires can be placed in the conduits, except by permit, and then only under the supervision of a representative of the engineer department.

"WARWICK" HAS BEEN CHOSEN.

Home of Frank Hume to Be Used for the Virginia Military School.

The trustees of the Mount Vernon Military Institute, recently chartered by the Virginia legislature, have selected as a site near the school "Warwick," the home of Mr. Frank Hume, in Alexandria county, Va. The estate contains fifty acres of land, and is located between two railroads and in full view of the cities of Washington and Alexandria.

A full meeting of the board of trustees was held at the place and the organization of the institute effected. Mr. Charles H. Schiff was elected president and Mr. Joseph Atkins secretary and treasurer. Plans were discussed at the meeting for developing the property and making the school first-class in every respect.

The object of the institute is to fit young men for the military academies at Annapolis and West Point.

RECEIVED THEIR COMMISSIONS.

The commission of Lieut. Jacobson as quartermaster, Fourth Battalion, D. C. Cavalry, and that of Lieut. Jacobs as adjutant, have been received. These gentlemen have reported and have been assigned to duty.

VIRGINIA MILLS TO OPEN.

Transfer of Property Makes Work for 250 Cotton Operatives.

Richmond, Va., March 10.—The Old Dominion cotton mills, Manchester, opposite this city, were sold yesterday. The property was knocked down to Messrs. Harris and Bishop of New York and Mr. J. A. Smith of Bessemer, N. C., for \$17,500. These mills were put up about a year ago and the bid received then was \$26,000, which was refused.

The purchases of the mills are the owners of the Swift Creek Cotton Mills, in Chesterfield county, near Petersburg, which were destroyed by fire three weeks ago. It is learned it is the intention of these gentlemen to put mills in operation as soon as possible, whereby work will be given to about 250 employees.

THE DISTRICT IN CONGRESS

Favorable Report on the National University Bill.

Many Wealthy Men Will, It Is Believed, Richly Endow the Institution—Other Local Measures.

Senator Kyle, chairman of the Committee to Establish the University of the United States, reported favorably this morning the bill introduced some months ago by Mr. Hooper.

It provides that there shall be established in the District of Columbia a body corporate to be known as the University of the United States for the purpose of promoting the advancement of knowledge in its higher branches and no salary on instruction, research and investigation for the benefit of mankind.

The government of the university is vested in a board of regents. The university council consists of the board of regents and of twelve other citizens of the United States, to be appointed by the board of regents from among eminent educators connected with institutions of learning in the United States.

The bill gives the board of regents the ground designated by President Washington as a site for the national university, to be utilized for the benefit of the university. For preliminary work \$15,000 is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, and \$25,000 for the year ending June 30, 1898.

Senator Kyle, in speaking of the measure, said: "I think the university will get in shape during the first year. At least, we can have a course of lectures provided for. The building will come in time. There is no necessity of their being arranged around one center. They can be scattered all through the city at the most convenient points."

"I also think that this university will be fully endowed without aid from the government. There are many wealthy men who will endow chairs in a university like this, entirely nonsectarian. It would not surprise me to see the faculty chosen in the second year. The bill will have no trouble in getting through."

In the Senate Mr. McMillan introduced a series of resolutions favoring municipal ownership of gas and electric light plants in the District of Columbia. He also presented from the same association a series of resolutions favoring the issue of bonds to complete the sewerage system of the District.

He also presented a communication from John B. McCarthy on the water supply. He suggests that the water of the north-west branch of the Potomac River and Sligo Creek be used. He thinks the tunnel may not furnish a sufficient supply of water.

Mr. McMillan introduced a bill today amending the charter of the Anacostia Street Railway Company.

The bill requires that five days after the signing of the act the company shall cease to run one-horse cars, and within two years shall discontinue the use of horse cars altogether, and in their stead use the underground electric system.

The Metropolitan Company is required to furnish free transfers from the Ninth street line to the Anacostia line, and to carry free all passengers from the Anacostia line to the Metropolitan.

The transfer station is to be located in the vicinity of Ninth and D streets northwest.

Mr. Louis Schade appeared before the House Immigration Committee today, and spoke on the different bills now pending in Congress touching the immigration question.

State Senator Quilly of Bribery. Columbus, Ohio, March 10.—Ex-Senator Abbot of Morgan county was found guilty at 6 a. m., by a jury, of bribery in the pharmacy legislative bill. The jury had been out all night.

DR. TALBOTT BETTER.

The condition of Rev. Dr. Talbott is reported to be considerably improved today. His physicians expect to see him entirely recovered in a few days.

SHORN OF ALL PATRONAGE

Baltimore Councils Take Appointing Power From Mayor.

BILL PASSED OVER HIS VETO

Republicans Want the Spoils Just as Much as the Democrats—Some of His Appointments Disasteful to the City Fathers—Their Action May Turn Out to Have Been Illegal.

Baltimore, March 10.—A most remarkable condition of affairs unique, if not unprecedented in the municipal history of this country, is presented in Baltimore's city hall. The revolutionary action of the city council last night in taking from the mayor practically all his power and overturning the machinery of the city government, has caused chaos and confusion, and excited citizens as no other movement has done for many years.

The ordinance passed by the council last night takes away the mayor's power of appointing all salaried officers of the city government, and leaves him only the power to name the members of honorary municipal boards. The first batch of the council members were originally introduced and passed twelve days ago.

Of course, Mayor Hooper vetoed them, and he did not believe the council could pass a two-thirds vote in both branches to pass the bill over his veto. Last night's action set at rest all doubt as to their fate. All the Republican members of the council, except three, voted against the Republican mayor.

MAYOR'S POOR CONSOLATION.

One bright spot was, however, found by the mayor this morning while he was looking around the ruins of his temple: the council had overlooked the supplemental ordinance which deprives the mayor of all power of removal from office. But as his removal prerogative is "for cause" only, the mayor's smile was not lasting.

The thought that there were eighty-four of his nominations hung up; that possibly not one of the men named would get into office, and some of his best personal friends were on the list, and that there are some 1,100 Democratic householders drawing salaries from the city treasury, had a depressing effect upon Mayor Hooper, and causing him to wear a "Where am I at?" expression as he looked over the situation today.

In reply to a question, the mayor said: "I have not decided upon what course I shall pursue, but I shall be as firm as ever in my attempt to give the people of Baltimore good government. The city councilmen have decided that I am relieved by them of the discharge of certain duties which may hereafter be by law have discharged. If this is the case, then, of course, I have not much to do."

SEEKING LEGAL ADVICE.

The mayor is taking legal advice with the hope of showing that the two-thirds vote of the members present last night does not constitute a constitutional two-thirds majority, but that two-thirds of all the members elected are requisite to pass a measure over his veto.

The anti-Hooper Republican councilmen are in the meantime outlining plans for their future conduct under the ordinance just passed. During the next two weeks they expect to be busy selecting persons to fill the municipal offices, such appointments to enter upon the discharge of their duties on the 1st day of April. President Hennighausen, of the first branch, city council, said:

"The mayor has two legal methods of procedure. He can obtain an injunction against the council restraining it from filling the offices, pending a decision from the court as to the legality of the council's course, or he can get an injunction restraining our appointments from assuming office for the same period. If he does not pursue the latter course, he will not entertain the application to commute the sentence of the two men to life imprisonment."

PUBLIC SENTIMENT DIVIDED.

Public sentiment as to the merits of the fight between the mayor and the city council is divided. The press of the city is almost unanimous in its support of the reform ideas of the mayor. He justifies his actions by the assertion that although he headed the Republican ticket last fall, he was elected on a reform platform; that the independent Democrats aided materially in electing the Republican ticket and defeating the Democratic line, and that he therefore insisted upon selecting city officials without regard to politics. He struck a snag with his first batch of nominations and has been in hot water ever since.

The city Republican councilmen contend that they have waited three years for patronage, and now that they have absolute control of the city government they want all the plums.

DARING ROBBERY IN OHIO.

Stores Entered, Safes Carried Away, Dynamited and Looted.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 10.—A special to the Press from Bowling Green, Ohio, says a daring robbery was committed early this morning in the village of Millen Center. The grocery store of L. A. Dixon and Leaming's drugstore were entered. The burglars loaded the safes on a hand-car, carried them about a mile into the country, where they were dynamited, and nearly \$1,000 in cash secured. There were several gold watches. It was probably the work of an organized gang of robbers that has been operating in Wood county, this being the third time in two months that the village has been raided.

HUMBERT'S NEW CABINET

Sworn in This Afternoon After Which Parliament Met.

Monarchs of the Triple Alliance to Meet in Genoa Next Week—Austria's Premier in Berlin.

Rome, March 10.—The composition of the new ministry is officially announced as follows: Marquis di Rudini, president of the council and minister of the interior; Gen. Ricotti, minister of war; Admiral Brin, minister of marine; Sig. Serenone, minister of foreign affairs; Sig. Branca, minister of finance; Sig. Colombo, minister of public works; Sig. Guicciardini, minister of agriculture; Sig. Costi, minister of justice; Sig. Giannetto, minister of public instruction; Sig. Carmine, minister of posts and telegraphs.

The new ministry has decided conservative leanings. The ministers were sworn into office at the Quirinal this afternoon, after which ceremony Parliament was convoked.

Paris, March 10.—The French press are generally favorable to the new Italian ministry under the presidency of Marquis di Rudini.

The Figaro expresses belief that Italy will remain riveted to Germany and Austria as formerly, but that her relations with France will be more courteous than hitherto.

Vienna, March 10.—The Neue Freie Presse states under reserve that Emperor Francis Joseph, Emperor William and King Humbert will meet at Genoa on March 16.

Berlin, March 10.—Count Goluchowski, Austrian minister of foreign affairs, arrived here from Vienna last night. On Wednesday he will take luncheon with Emperor William at the Schloss. The subject of the Austrian premier's visit to Berlin at the present time is to confer with Prince von Hohenlohe, the German imperial chancellor, in regard to the situation in Italy as affecting the alliance between Germany, Austria and Italy.

PREFERRED DEATH TO CATTRE.

The Murderer of Junior Cook at Danville Shot Himself.

Danville, Va., March 10.—George Evans, the negro desperado who killed Junior Cook, a young man of Danville, and escaped, was located on Washington street early this morning. The house he was in was surrounded by a posse, who were preparing to enter, when a pistol shot was heard, and on entering the building they found Evans had put a bullet through his brain in preference to being taken alive.

His body was brought to the courthouse, where it has been viewed by large crowds. He was severely wounded in the back while escaping from jail, which prevented him from going far. He was captured all a shivering party would doubtless have followed.

CHIEF RABBI OF THE RUSSIAN.

Death of a Hebrew With Wide Influence in Europe.

Chicago, March 10.—A dispatch was received here yesterday by Jewish press announcing the death of Isaac Elchonon Kovnover Specter, chief rabbi of the Jewish community in all the Russian, at his home in the city of Kovno, Sunday, after a lingering illness.

Rabbi Isaac Elchonon had great influence among both Jews and gentiles of his country. Several times he was summoned to St. Petersburg for consultation with crown officers respecting Jewish immigration and the various problems of administration in which the Jews were concerned. He was highly esteemed by Russian officials and among his own people he was beloved of everyone.

DEAD MAN IDENTIFIED.

He Was G. Elser, an Innmate of the Soldiers' Home.

The aged man who died in the Second precinct patrol wagon last night, as detailed in The Morning Times, was fully identified this morning as G. Elser, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home.

After the investigation the coroner's jury attending the old man's demise at Corner Hammett gave a certificate of death from natural causes.

The body will be interred at the Soldiers' Home Cemetery. Elser was found in a patrol wagon in the gutter of the Pennsylvania Street at First and T streets northwest last night. He died in the patrol wagon while en route to the hospital.

Stay of Execution Granted.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 10.—Gov. Stone yesterday granted a stay of execution to Foster Pollard and Frank Harris of Kansas City, who were sentenced to be executed March 13. The stay postpones the executions to March 27. The governor announced in connection with granting the stay that he will not entertain the application to commute the sentence of the two men to life imprisonment.

Will of Mrs. Mary Manning.

Mrs. Mary C. Fogarty, Frances L. Joseph L. and Charles C. Manning are the beneficiaries under the will of their mother, the late Mary Manning, which was filed for probate this morning. The instrument is dated January 2, 1894. Steven Tolt is named as executor. The property is located near Fourth and M streets northeast.

Fell Over a Wheelbarrow.

William Porcher, a laborer, living at No. 464 1/2 street northwest, came off second best in an encounter with a wheelbarrow in his back yard this afternoon, and had to go to the Emergency Hospital for repairs. Dr. West used up a terraced cart over each eye, and amputated divers lumps not recognized in phrenology, and he departed.

SENATORS SCORE DE LOPE

They Say He Should Be Given His "Walking Papers."

HIS PUBLISHED STATEMENT

Mr. Lodge Addressed the Senate in Protest Against It—Mr. Gray Was Inclined to Pooch-Pooch the Whole Matter, but Senator Teller and Others Take It Seriously.

The Senate galleries were thronged with spectators when today's session opened. As soon as the journal of yesterday was read Mr. Lodge rose to a question of personal privilege in relation to the statement of the Spanish minister through the newspaper press. That statement accused him (Mr. Lodge) of having read to the Senate a report which had been imposed upon him, and which he said was a malicious and fraudulent misrepresentation.

He held in his hand a copy of El Liberal, of Madrid, in which the interview with Gen. Weyler was published, and he read into the article printed in the Record in Spanish, so that it might be seen that the translation which he had made of it was correct. The Spanish word, "limpiar" meant to clean, to clean out, and he had given it the translation of "exterminate." That was what the Spanish minister complained of.

He (Mr. Lodge) could understand the sensitiveness of the Spanish people—a people who had, in 300 years, disappeared a great empire. But he did not think there was any excuse for the Spanish minister's conduct in taking the course which